UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/814,524	03/31/2004	Kenneth E. Nicholas	200313756-1	6916
22879 7590 04/18/2008 HEWLETT PACKARD COMPANY P O BOX 272400, 3404 E. HARMONY ROAD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ADMINISTRATION			EXAMINER	
			ALMEIDA, DEVIN E	
	COLLINS, CO 80527-2400		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2132	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			04/18/2008	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

JERRY.SHORMA@HP.COM mkraft@hp.com ipa.mail@hp.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/814,524	NICHOLAS, KENNETH E.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	DEVIN ALMEIDA	2132				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 Ja	nuary 2008					
	action is non-final.					
·=						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-39</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>1-39</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
	,					
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P					
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	atom ripphoduori				

DETAILED ACTION

This action is in response to the papers filed 1/29/2008.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to the claim have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 14-24, 26, 27, 30, 31, 34, 36 and 37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Itoh et al (2002/0072391) in view of Raaf (DE 198 37 642 C1). With respect to claim 1, Itoh teaches a configuration module adapted to automatically select a communication network configuration setting for a device based on the depression of a predetermined key, the communication network configuration setting indicating to connect/disconnect with at least one of a plurality of different communication networks accessible by the device (see paragraph 0016 and 0044-0048).

Itoh does not teach a biometric configuration management system, comprising: a biometric sensor module for receiving biometric data associated with a user. Raaf

teaches a biometric configuration management system, comprising: a biometric sensor module for receiving biometric data associated with a user (see Raaf page 3 as a function of the results of the comparison when the stored fingerprint information 'f4' is similar to the determined fingerprint information 'fe' the control procedure 'stp4' associated with this stored fingerprint information 'f4' is triggered and page 4)

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains to have used fingerprint information to allow a quick and reliable way to implement different control procedures (see page 2-3). Therefore one would have been motivated to have used a fingerprint to automatically select a one of a plurality of different communication networks for the device based on the received biometric data.

With respect to claim 2, comprising relational data accessible by the configuration module for correlating the received biometric data to the selected network configuration setting (see Itoh paragraph 0016 and 0044-0048 and Raaf page 3 and 4).

With respect to claim 3. The system of claim 1, wherein the selected network configuration setting comprises at least one of the group consisting of a local area network (LAN) configuration setting, a wide area network (WAN) configuration setting, a personal area network (PAN) configuration setting and a virtual private network (VPN) configuration setting (see Itoh paragraph 0005).

With respect to claim 4 configuration module is adapted to automatically switch the device to the selected network configuration setting from another network

configuration setting based on the received biometric data (see paragraph 0016 and 0044-0048).

With respect to claim 5, wherein the configuration module is adapted to compare the received biometric data to stored biometric data to select the network configuration setting (see Raaf page 3 as a function of the results of the comparison when the stored fingerprint information 'f4' is similar to the determined fingerprint information 'fe' the control procedure 'stp4' associated with this stored fingerprint information 'f4' is triggered and page 4).

With respect to claim 7, wherein the biometric data comprises at least one of the group consisting of a fingerprint scan biometric, a voice scan biometric, a facial feature biometric, and an eye scan biometric (see Raaf page 3 i.e. fingerprint sensor).

With respect to claim 8, wherein the configuration module is adapted to receive a selection from the user of the network configuration setting to associate with the biometric data (see Raaf page 3).

With respect to claim 10, wherein the configuration module is adapted to request from the user a particular biometric to associate with the network configuration setting (see Raaf page 3-4).

With respect to claim 11, wherein the selected network configuration setting comprises a wireless network configuration setting (see Itoh paragraph 0005).

With respect to claim 14, comprising: means for receiving biometric data from a user (see Raaf page 3 as a function of the results of the comparison when the stored fingerprint information 'f4' is similar to the determined fingerprint information 'fe' the

control procedure 'stp4' associated with this stored fingerprint information 'f4' is triggered and page 4); and means for automatically selecting a communication network configuration setting for a device based on the received biometric data (see Itoh paragraph 0016 and 0044-0048).

With respect to claim 15, further comprising means for identifying to the user a particular biometric associated with the network configuration setting (see page 2 i.e. different pieces of fingerprint information corresponding to one finger each of various persons is stored each piece of information being associated with a control procedure).

With respect to claim 16, further comprising means for comparing the received biometric data to stored biometric data to select the network configuration setting (see Raaf page 3 as a function of the results of the comparison when the stored fingerprint information 'f4' is similar to the determined fingerprint information 'fe' the control procedure 'stp4' associated with this stored fingerprint information 'f4' is triggered).

With respect to claim 17, further comprising means for automatically switching the device to the selected network configuration setting from another network configuration setting based on the received biometric data (see Itoh paragraph 0016 and 0044-0048 and Raaf page 3 and 4)..

With respect to claim 18, further comprising means for requesting from the user a particular biometric to associate with the network configuration setting (see Raaf page 3).

With respect to claim 19, comprising: receiving biometric data from a user (see Raaf page 3); and automatically selecting a communication network configuration

setting for a device based on the received biometric data (see Itoh paragraph 0016 and 0044-0048).

With respect to claim 20. The method of claim 19, further comprising identifying to the user a particular biometric associated with the network configuration setting (see page 2 i.e. different pieces of fingerprint information corresponding to one finger each of various persons is stored each piece of information being associated with a control procedure).

With respect to claim 21, further comprising comparing the received biometric data to stored biometric data to select the network configuration setting (see Raaf page 3 as a function of the results of the comparison when the stored fingerprint information 'f4' is similar to the determined fingerprint information 'fe' the control procedure 'stp4' associated with this stored fingerprint information 'f4' is triggered).

With respect to claim 22, further comprising automatically switching the device to the selected network configuration setting from another network configuration setting based on the received biometric data (see Itoh paragraph 0016 and 0044-0048).

With respect to claim 23, wherein receiving biometric data comprises receiving at least one of the group consisting of fingerprint scan biometric data, voice scan biometric data, facial feature biometric data, and eye scan biometric data (see Raaf page 3 i.e. fingerprint sensor).

With respect to claim 24, further comprising requesting a selection from the user of the network configuration setting to associate with the biometric data

With respect to claim 26, further comprising requesting from the user a particular biometric to associate with the network configuration setting (see page 2 i.e. different pieces of fingerprint information corresponding to one finger each of various persons is stored each piece of information being associated with a control procedure).

With respect to claim 27, wherein automatically selecting a communication network configuration setting comprises automatically selecting a wireless communication network configuration setting see Itoh paragraph 0016 and 0044-0048).

With respect to claim 30, comprising: a biometric sensor module adapted to receive biometric data associated with a user of a device (see Raaf page 3 as a function of the results of the comparison when the stored fingerprint information 'f4' is similar to the determined fingerprint information 'fe' the control procedure 'stp4' associated with this stored fingerprint information 'f4' is triggered and page 4); and a configuration module adapted to associate a communication network configuration setting for the device with the biometric data (see Itoh paragraph 0016 and 0044-0048).

With respect to claim 31, wherein the configuration module is adapted to receive a selection from the user of the network configuration setting to associate with the biometric data (see Raaf page 2 i.e. different pieces of fingerprint information corresponding to one finger each of various persons is stored each piece of information being associated with a control procedure).

With respect to claim 34, wherein the configuration module is adapted to associate with the network configuration setting at least one of the group consisting of a

fingerprint scan biometric, a voice scan biometric, a facial feature biometric, and an eye scan biometric (see Raaf page 3 i.e. fingerprint sensor).

With respect to claim 36, wherein the configuration module is adapted to request from the user a particular biometric to associate with the network configuration setting (see page 2 i.e. different pieces of fingerprint information corresponding to one finger each of various persons is stored each piece of information being associated with a control procedure).

With respect to claim 37, wherein the configuration module is adapted to associate a wireless communication network configuration setting for the device with the biometric data (see page 2 i.e. different pieces of fingerprint information corresponding to one finger each of various persons is stored each piece of information being associated with a control procedure).

Claims 6, 9, 25, 33 and 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Itoh et al (2002/0072391) in view of Raaf (DE 198 37 642 C1) in further view of Sudo (U.S. 5,987,336). With respect to claim 6, neither Balfanz nor Raaf teach configuration module is adapted to display to the user an interface for associating a particular biometric with the network configuration setting. Sudo configuration module is adapted to display to the user an interface for associating a particular biometric with the network configuration setting (see Sudo column 15 line 61 – column 16 line 7). It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains to have display the

available network to help the user select a network to use (see Sudo column 15 line 61 – column 16 line 7). Therefore one would have been motivated to have displayed available network.

With respect to claim 9 configuration module is adapted to display an interface to the users identifying registered biometrics (see Sudo column 15 line 61 – column 16 line 7)

With respect to claim 25, further comprising displaying to the user biometrics registered with particular network configuration settings (see Sudo column 15 line 61 – column 16 line 7).

With respect to claim 32, wherein the configuration module is adapted to display to the user an interface for associating a particular biometric with the network configuration setting (see Sudo column 15 line 61 – column 16 line 7).

With respect to claim 33, Itoh and Raaf teach everything with respect to claim 30 above but with respect to claim 33 they teach network configuration settings to the user for associating with the biometric (see Raaf page 2 i.e. different pieces of fingerprint information corresponding to one finger each of various persons is stored each piece of information being associated with a control procedure).

Neither Balfanz nor Raaf teach display a plurality of available network configuration settings to the user. Sudo teaches displaying a plurality of available network configuration settings to the user (see Sudo column 15 line 61 – column 16 line 7). It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains to have display the

Art Unit: 2132

available network to help the user select a network to use (see Sudo column 15 line 61 – column 16 line 7). Therefore one would have been motivated to have displayed available network.

With respect to claim 35, wherein the configuration module is adapted to display to the user biometrics registered with particular network configuration settings (See Raaf page 3 and 4 and Sudo column 15 line 61 – column 16 line 7).

Claims 12, 13, 28, 29, 38, 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Itoh et al (2002/0072391) in view of Raaf (DE 198 37 642 C1) in further view of Topping (2004/0151353). Itoh and Raaf teaches everything with respect to claim 1, 29, and 30 above but with respect to claims 13, 29 and 39 he does not teach wherein the received biometric data comprises a plurality of sequentially input biometrics. Topping teaches wherein the received biometric data comprises a plurality of sequentially input biometrics (see Topping paragraph 0017 and 0032). It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains to have requires several fingerprints to be entered in a particular sequence to further increase system security (see Topping paragraph 0017). Therefore one would have been motivated to have input a plurality of sequentially input biometrics to increase system security.

With respect to claim 12, 28 and 38, wherein the received biometric data comprises a plurality of simultaneously input biometrics (see Topping paragraph claim 13).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Devin Almeida whose telephone number is 571-270-

1018. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 7:30 A.M. to

5:00 P.M. The examiner can also be reached on alternate Fridays from 7:30 A.M. to

4:00 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Gilberto Barron, can be reached on 571-272-3799. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Devin Almeida Patent Examiner

4/9/2008

/Benjamin E Lanier/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2132